4th Grade Science MLS Curriculum Year-At-A-Glance

Engineering, Technology, and Application of Science Engineering Standards should be ongoing and continually integrated into science lessons/units. Standards should be recorded in Q1 & Q2 The ETS standards are written as a 3-5 grade span end point. Therefore, by the end of grade 5, students should be proficient in these skills.	Earth & Space Science Unit 1: Earth's Place in the Universe Estimated Teaching Window: August - September Standards should be recorded in Q1	Physical Science Unit 2: Motion and Stability: Forces and Interactions Estimated Teaching Window: October - December Standards should be recorded in Q2	Life Science Unit 3: From Molecules to Organisms: Structure and Processes Estimated Teaching Window: January - March Standards should be recorded in Q3
Essential Standard: Understand and use scientific and engineering practices to conduct investigations and solve problems. Learning Targets: • Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success and constraints on materials, time, or cost. (MLS: 4.ETS1.A.1, NGSS: 3-5-ETS1-1) • Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem. (MLS: 4.ETS1.B.1, NGSS: 3-5-ETS1-2) • Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that can be improved. (MLS: 4.ETS1.C.1, NGSS: 3-5-ETS1-3)	Essential Standard: Investigate and analyze Earth's physical changes. Learning Targets: Identify evidence from patterns in rock formations and fossils in rock layers to support an explanation for changes in a landscape over time. (MLS: 4.ESS1.C.1, NGSS: 4-ESS1-1) Plan and conduct scientific investigations or simulations to provide evidence of how natural processes (e.g. weathering and erosion) shape Earth's surface. (MLS: 4.ESS2.A.1, NGSS: Not in NGSS) Analyze and interpret data from maps to describe patterns of Earth's features. (MLS: 4.ESS2.B.1, NGSS: 4-ESS2-2) Generate and compare multiple solutions to reduce the impacts of natural Earth processes on humans. (MLS: 4.ESS3.A.1, NGSS: 4-ESS3-2) Essential Standard: Understand and use scientific and engineering practices to conduct investigations and solve problems. Learning Targets: Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success and constraints on materials, time, or cost. (MLS: 4.ETS1.A.1, NGSS: 3-5-ETS1-1) Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem. (MLS: 4.ETS1.B.1, NGSS: 3-5-ETS1-2)	Essential Standard: Investigate and explain force in motion and the transfer of energy. Learning Targets: • Analyze data to determine how the motion of an object changed by an applied force or the mass of an object. (MLS: 2.PS2.A.1, NGSS: Not in NGSS) • Make observations and/or measurements of an object's motion to provide evidence that a pattern can be used to predict future motion. (MLS: 4.PS2.A.1, NGSS: 3-PS2-2) • Plan and conduct an investigation to provide evidence of the effects of balanced and unbalanced forces on the motion of an object. (MLS: 4.PS2.A.2, NGSS: 3-PS2-1) • Plan and conduct a fair test to compare and contrast the forces (measured by a spring scale in Newtons) required to overcome friction when an object moves over different surfaces (i.e., rough/smooth). (MLS: 4.PS2.B.1, NGSS: Not in NGSS) • Predict how changes in either the amount of force applied to an object or the mass of the object affects the motion (speed and direction) of the object. (MLS: 4.PS2.B.2), NGSS: Not in NGSS) • Use evidence to construct an explanation relating the speed of an object to the energy of that object. (MLS: 4.PS3.A.1, NGSS: 4-PS3-1) • Provide evidence to construct an explanation of an energy transformation (e.g. temperature change, light, sound, motion, and magnetic effects). (MLS: 4.PS3.B.1, NGSS: Not in NGSS) • Apply scientific ideas to design, test, and refine a device that converts energy from one form to another. (MLS: 4.PS3.B.2, NGSS: 4-PS3-4) Essential Standard: Understand and use scientific and engineering practices to conduct investigations and solve problems. Learning Targets: • Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success and	Essential Standard: Identify plant and animal structures and functions necessary for survival. Learning Targets: Construct an argument that plants and animals have internal and external structures that function to support survival, growth, behavior, and plant reproduction. (MLS: 4.LS1.A.1, NGSS: 4-LS1-1) Use a model to describe that animals receive different types of information through their senses, process the information in their brain, and respond to the information in different ways. (MLS: 4.LS1.D.1, NGSS: 4-LS1-2)

	constraints on materials, time, or cost. (MLS: 4.ETS1.A.1, NGSS: 3-5-ETS1-1) • Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem. (MLS: 4.ETS1.B.1, NGSS: 3-5-ETS1-2) • Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that can be improved. (MLS: 4.ETS1.C.1, NGSS: 3-5-ETS1-3)	
Physical Science Unit 4: Waves and Their Applications in Technologies for Information Transfer		
Estimated Teaching Window: March - May Standards should be recorded in Q4		
Essential Standard: Analyze the characteristics of waves.		
 Develop a model of waves to describe patterns in terms of amplitude or wavelength and that waves can cause objects to move. (MLS: 4.PS4.A.1, NGSS: 4-PS4-1) Develop a model to describe that objects can be seen only when light is reflected off them or when they produce their own light. (MLS: 5.PS4.A.1, NGSS: 4-PS4-2) 		